[30th October 1935

Appendix IX.

[Vide answer to question No. 298 asked by Mr. T. Narasa Reddi at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 30th October 1935, page 153 supra.]

Rules for the levy of water-cess on dry lands irrigated from Government sources other than the Kurnool-Cuddapah canal in the Jammalamadugu, Proddatur and Cuddapah taluks of the Cuddapah district.

I. When water is supplied to dry lands in Government villages the following rates of water-cess will be charged :—

(1) For a single wet crop	The difference between the wet and the dry rates at which the land is assessed.
(2) For a second or third wet crop.	One-half of the charge shown against item (1) plus half the dry assessment.
(3) For a first, second or third dry crop.	One-third of the charge shown against item (1).
(4) For sugarcane, betel, plantains, etc., other wet crops which ordinarily remain on the ground for more than six months.	The sum of the charges specified against items (1) and (2).
(5) For dry crops which ordinarily remain on the ground for more than six months.	One and a half times the charge shown against item (3).

Note.—(1) Where the settlement register does not show the wet taram and rate of any dry land, such taram and rate shall be determined by the Collector.

(2) On lands under doruvu and desabandam wells, a single charge of half the difference between the appropriate wet and dry assessments will be charged irrespective of the nature or number of the crops grown. A remission of half this charge will be allowed when water has to be lifted by baling.

II. When water is supplied from first-class sources other than the Chepad system to dry lands in whole inam villages the following rates will be charged :—

	PER ACRE.		
	RS.	A.	P.
(1) For sugarcane, betel, plantains and turmeric ...	6	0	0
(2) For paddy, first crop	4	0	0
(3) For paddy, second or third crop	2	0	0
(4) For chillies, sweet potato, onion, brinjal and similar garden crops	3	0	0
(5) For indigo crop standing on the ground for more than six months	2	8	0
(6) For indigo crop standing on the ground for not more than six months	1	4	0
(7) For mundlavari paddy	2	0	0
(8) For korra, cholam, cumbu, ragi, arika, blackgram, horsegram, coriander and cummin seed	1	0	0

Note.—Three-fourths of the above rates will be charged when water is supplied from second-class sources.

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II-A. When water is supplied from the Chepad system to dry lands in whole inam villages, the following rates will be charged :—

	PER ACRE.		
	RS.	A.	P.
(1) For sugarcane, betel, plantains and turmeric ...	8	0	0
(2) For paddy, first crop	5	4	0
(3) For paddy, second or third crop	2	12	0
(4) For chillies, sweet potato, onion, brinjal and similar garden crops	4	0	0
(5) For indigo crop standing on the ground for more than six months	3	8	0
(6) For indigo crop standing on the ground for not more than six months	2	8	0
(7) For mundlavari paddy	2	12	0
(8) For korra, cholam, cumbu, ragi, arika, blackgram, horsegram, coriander and cummin seed	2	0	0

II-B. Irrigation from the Chepad system will be governed by the same rules as regards applications for water as have already been prescribed in Appendix I-C to Board's Standing Order No. 4 for irrigation from the Kurnool-Cuddapah canal.

III. When water is taken from the Kurnool-Cuddapah canal or the Chepad system without the prescribed application, an extra charge of one-half of the rate specified in rule I, II, or II-A above will be made for the extent so irrigated.

IV. When water used for irrigation cannot be obtained without raising it by baling or by some mechanical contrivance the water-rate charged will be three-fourths of the rate specified in rules I, II and II-A.